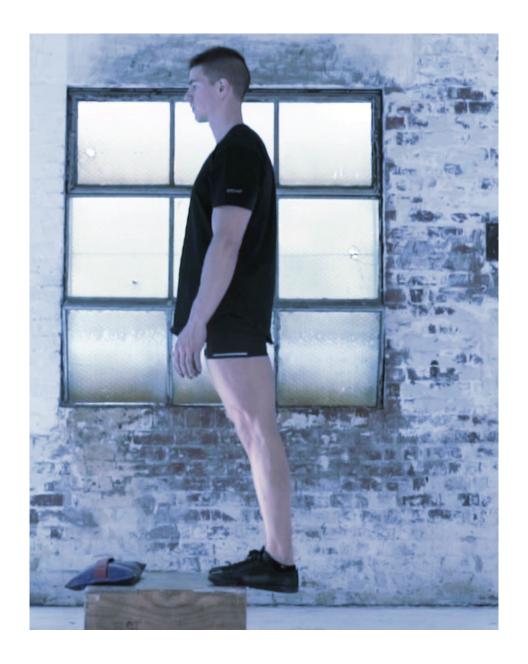




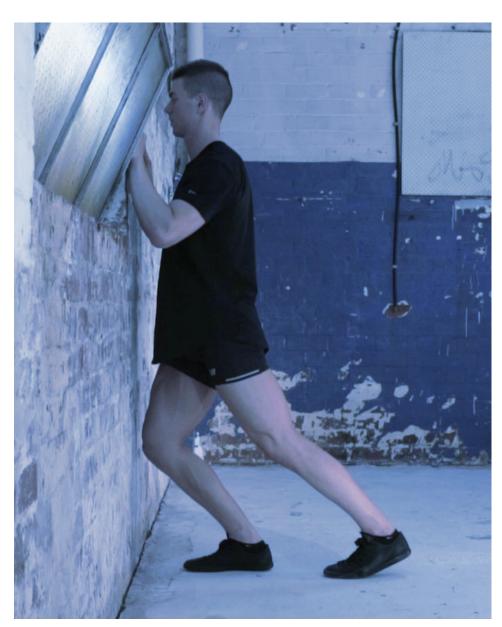
Calf release: 2 min L/R



Calf stretch: 1 min



Knee to wall: 15 reps L/R



Plank: 30-60 sec





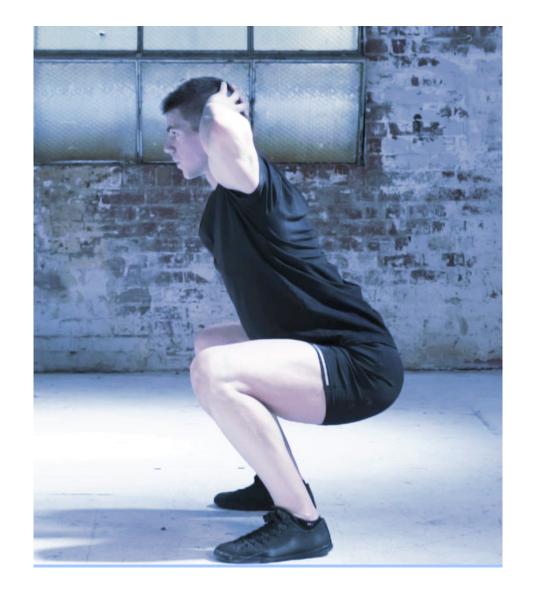
Marching hip flexor: 10 reps L/R



Fire hydrant: 5 reps v 5 reps v L/R



Squat: 10 reps

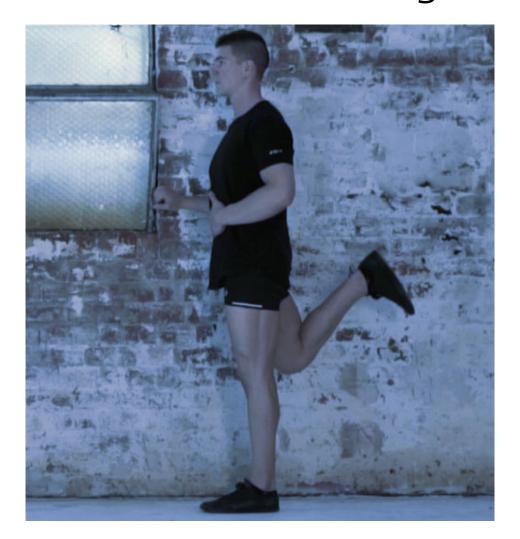


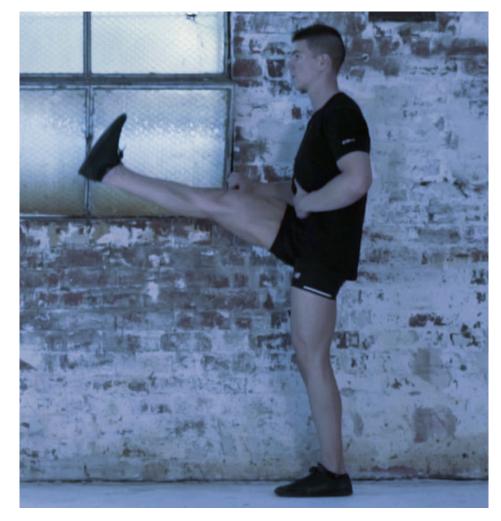
Hip hinge: 10 reps



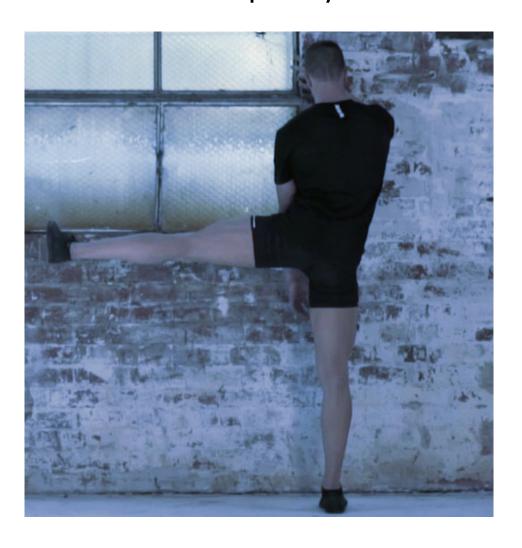


Front leg swing: 10 reps L/R

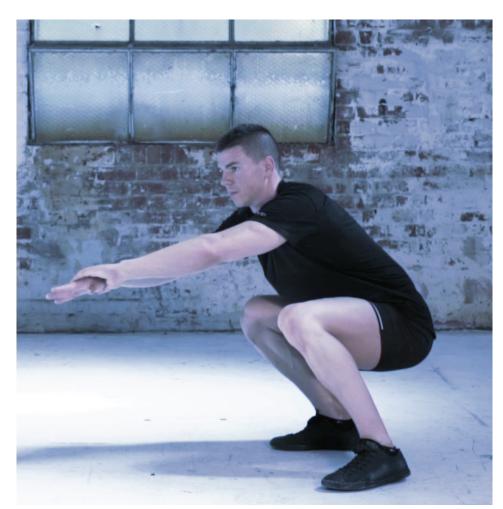




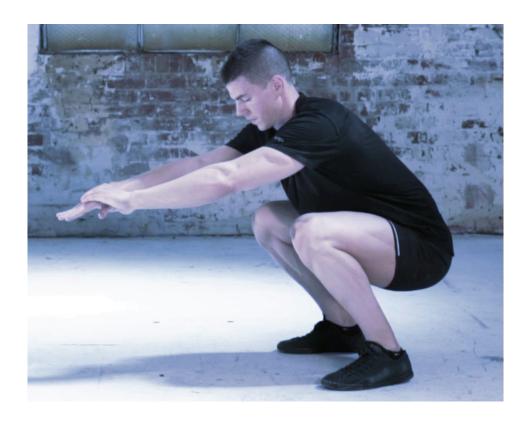
Side leg swing: 10 reps L/R



Squat side to side: 10 reps L/R



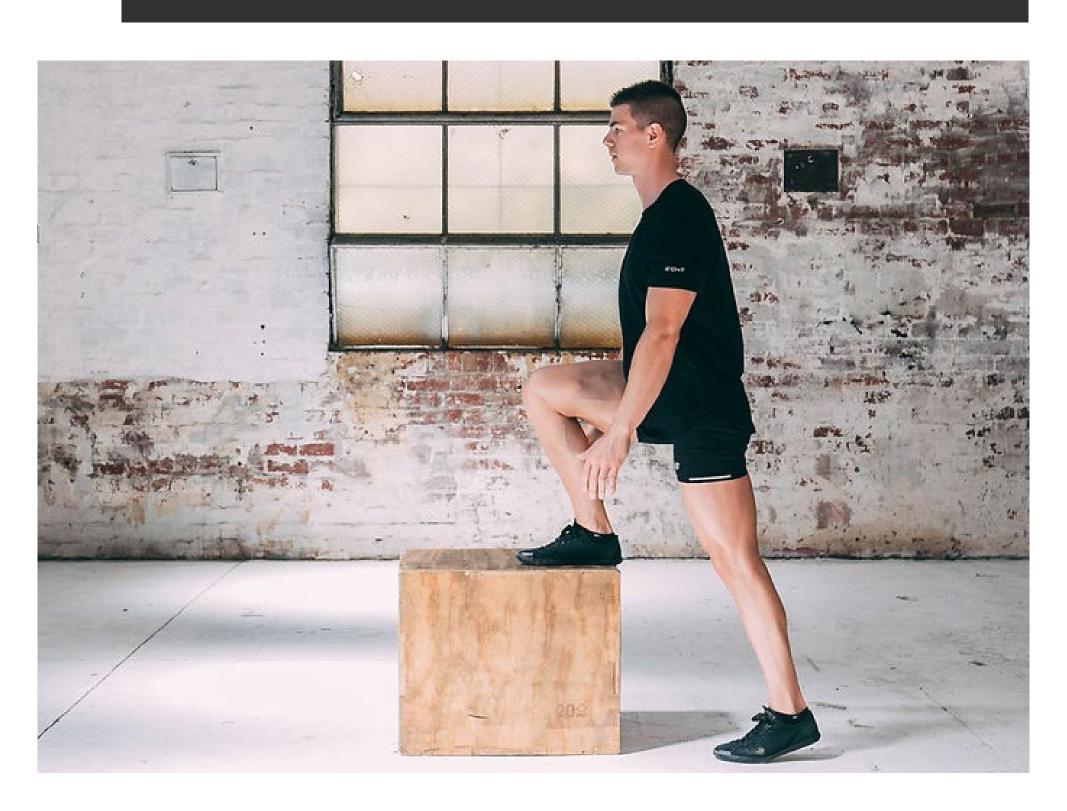
Squat front to back: 10 reps



Roll to squat: 5-10 reps







Place the foot of the working side on the box.

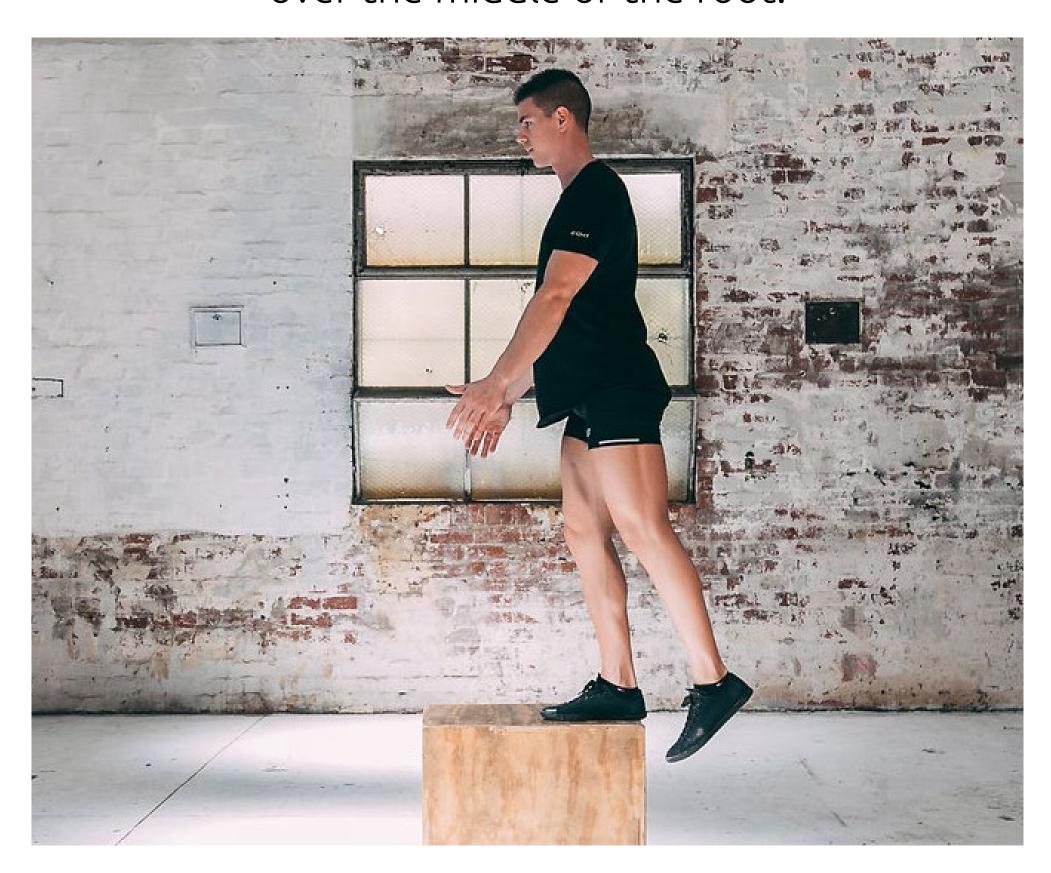
Assume an upright posture with

the rear leg on the floor.





Lean forwards shifting the body weight onto the box foot.
Allow the rear foot to float off the ground, minimising the amount of leg drive used.
The knee of the stance leg should stay over the middle of the foot.



Rise to the top of the movement keeping a slight bend in the knee.

Lower towards the ground controlling the entire ROM.

Silently place the rear foot onto the ground.



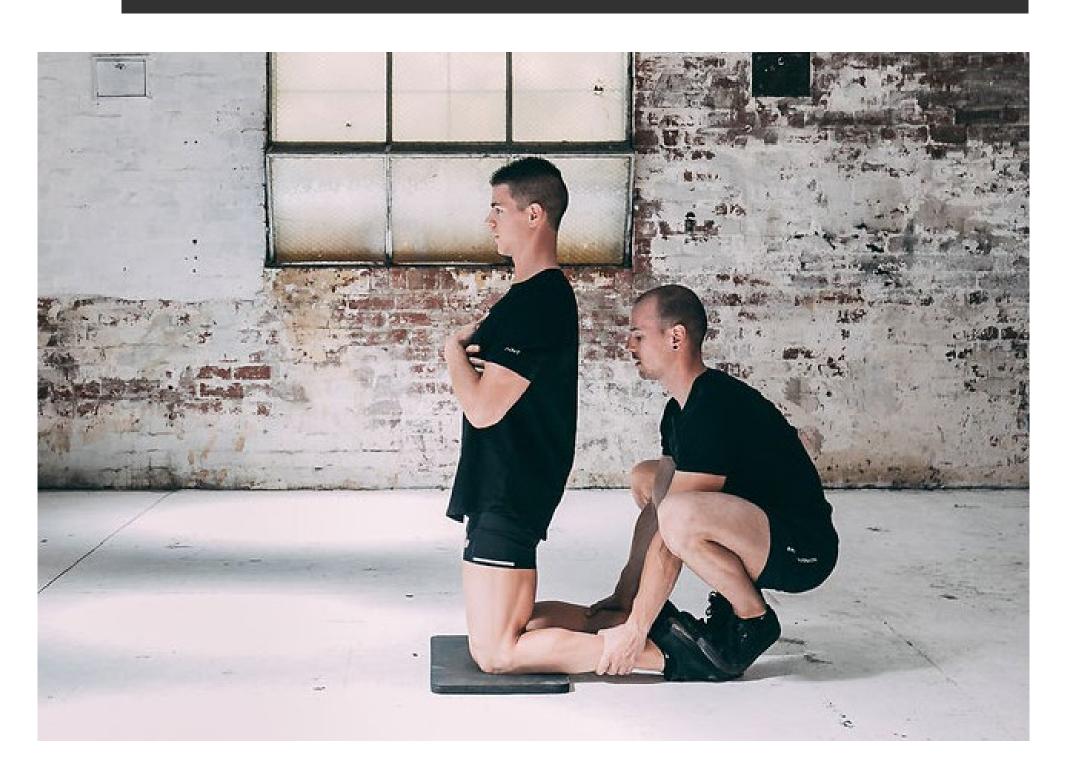
DIFFICULTY



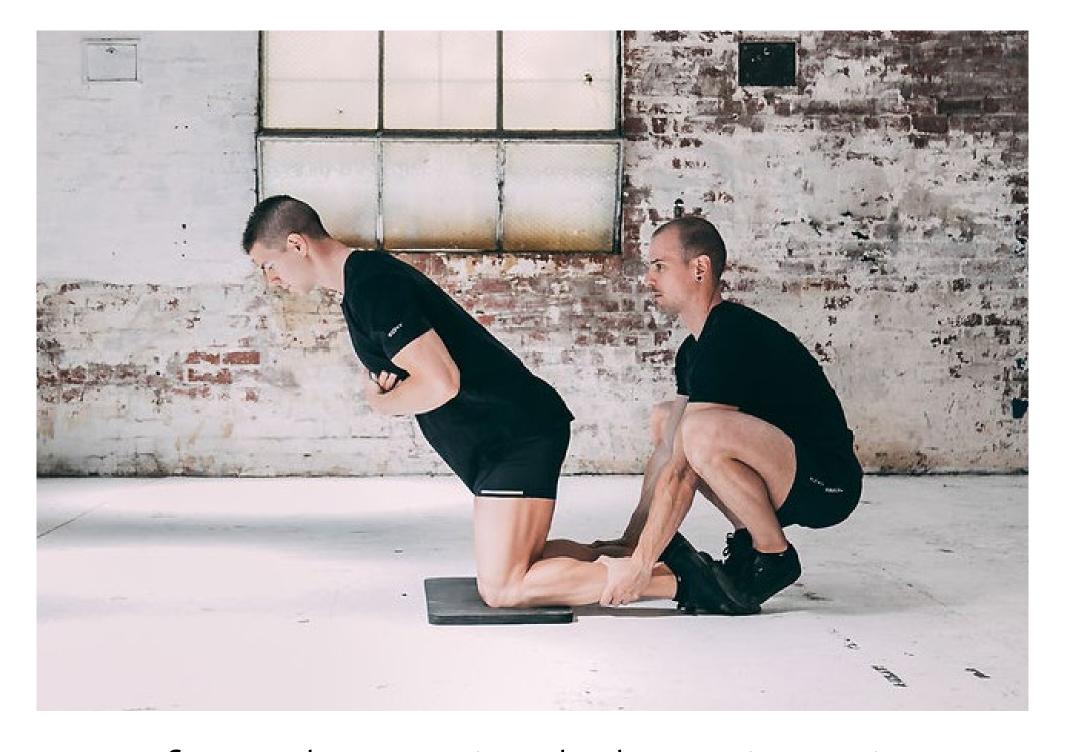
Taller box Minimise use of rear leg Smaller box



GLUTE HAM RAISE HINGE

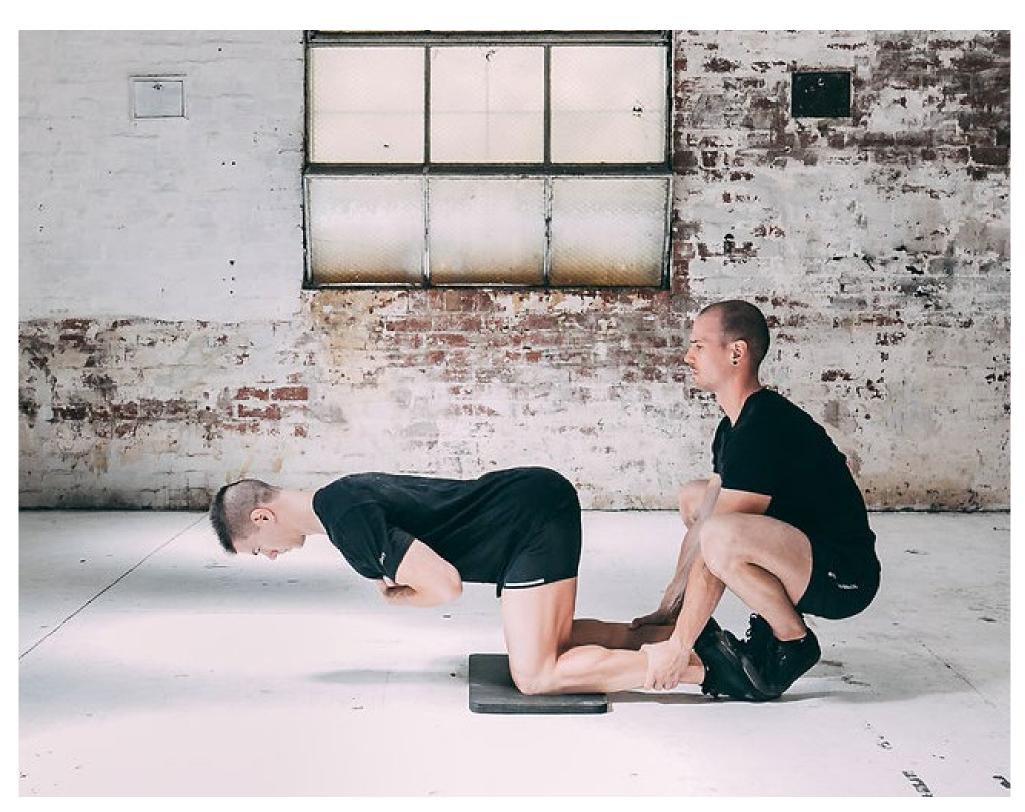


Assume a kneeling position using a pad underneath the knees. Fix the ankle and calf underneath a stable surface or use a partner.



Lean forwards to tension the hamstrings. Hinge at the trunk lowering the head towards the ground.





Think of flexing at the knee, attempting to lift the heels towards your head. Reverse the motion to an upright posture, sustaining a forward lean.



DIFFICULTY

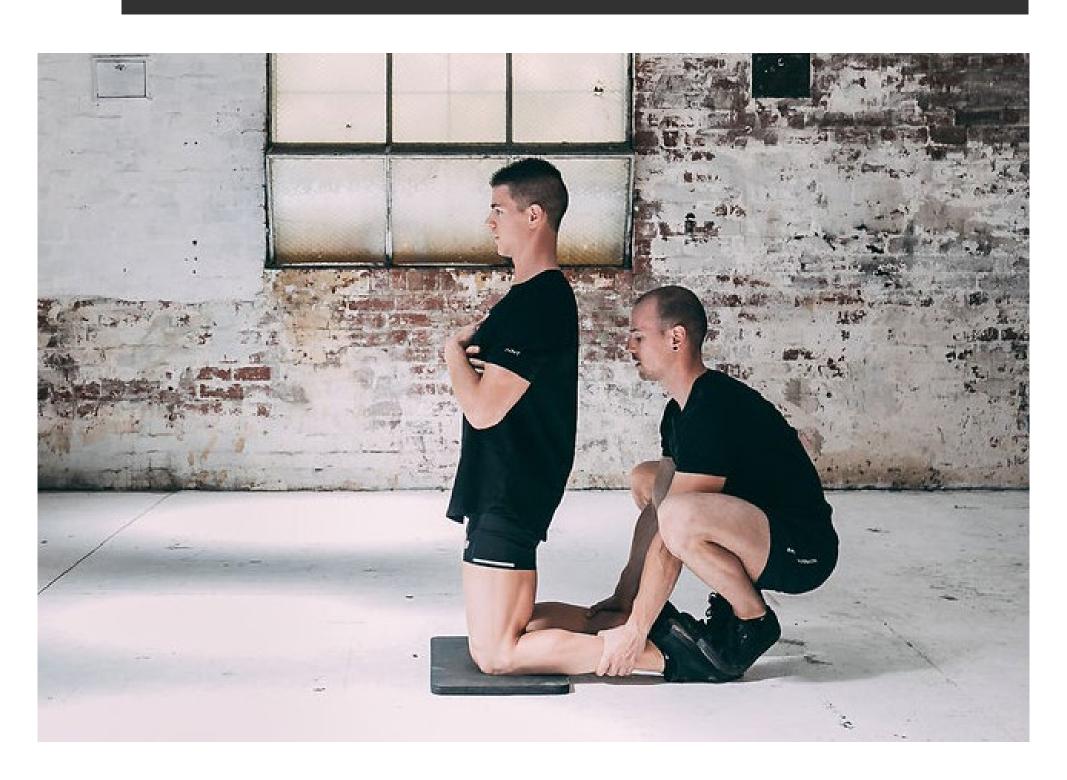


Increase degree of forward lean

Hinge with the weight shifted closer towards feet Limit ROM



GLUTE HAM RAISE HYBRID



Assume a kneeling position using a pad underneath the knees.

Fix the ankle and calf underneath a stable surface or use a partner.

Choose a posture which can be sustained throughout the range.

Lower down to the floor and reverse to the starting position.



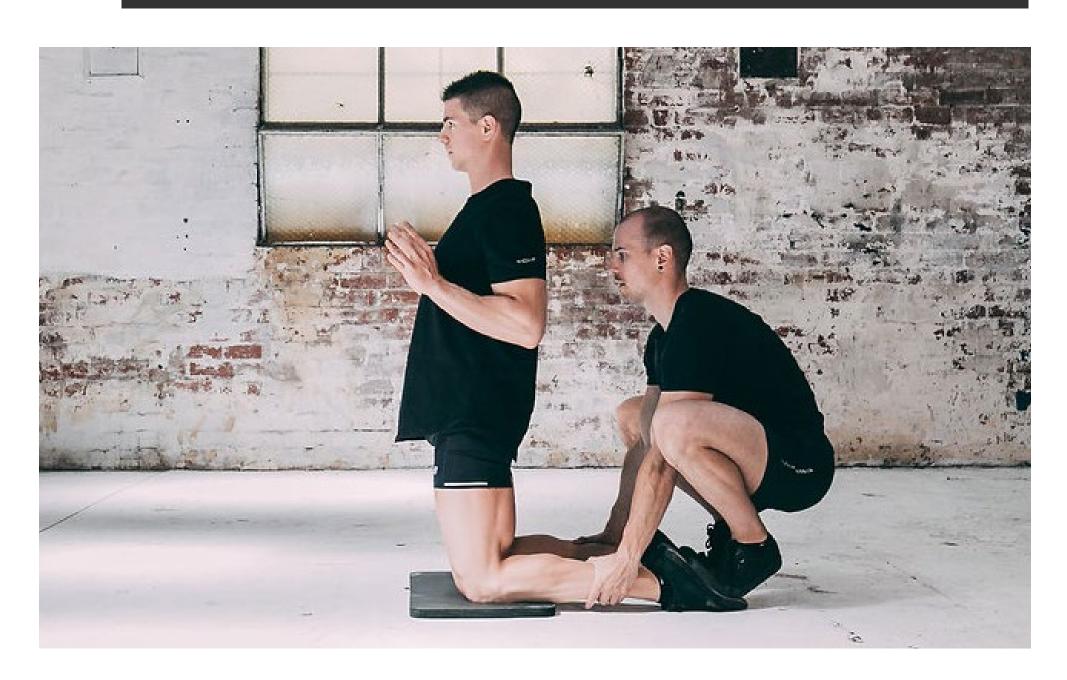
DIFFICULTY



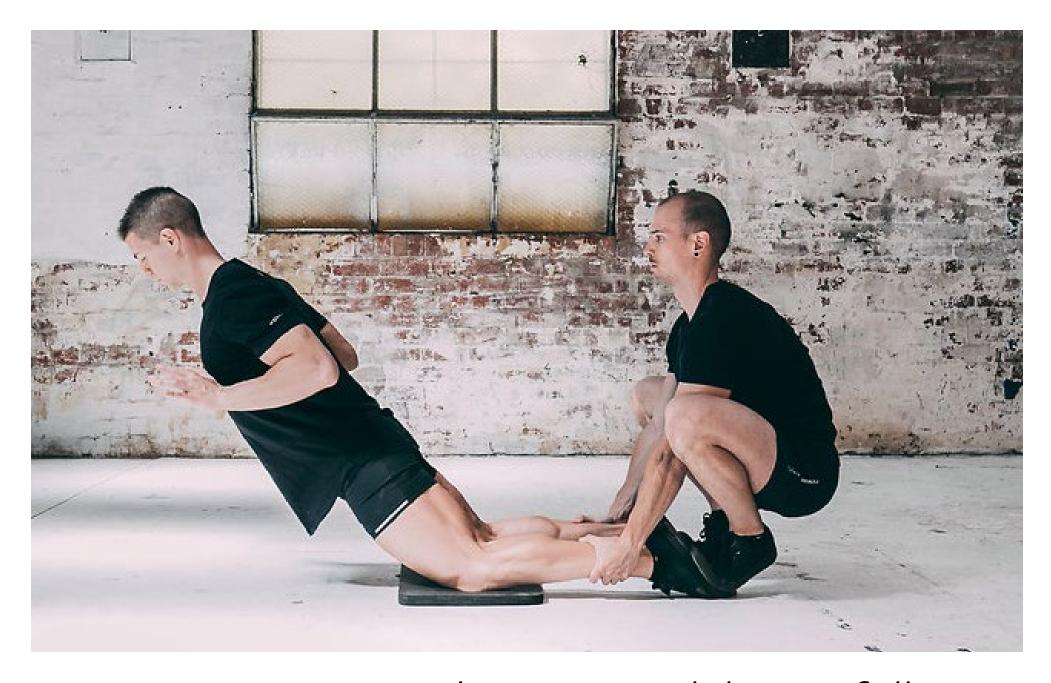
More vertical posture (increased hip extension)

More hinged posture (increased hip flexion) Limit ROM

GLUTE HAM RAISE ECCENTRIC



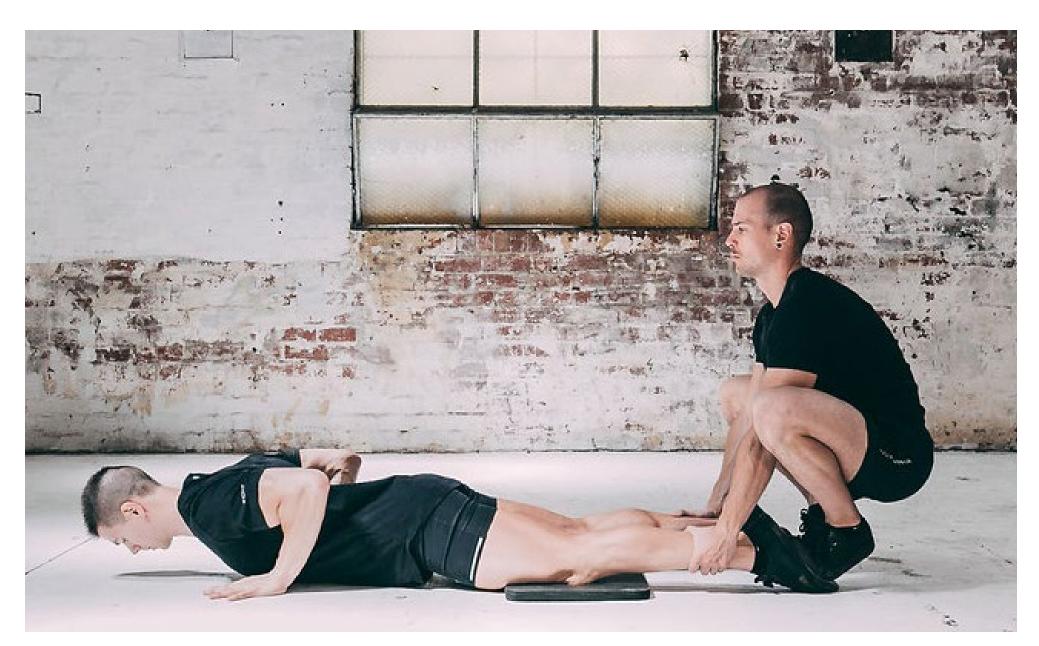
Assume a kneeling position using a pad underneath the knees. Fix the ankle and calf underneath a stable surface or use a partner.



Remain in vertical posture with hips in full extension by squeezing the glutes.

Lower down towards ground level resisting the urge to drop quickly.





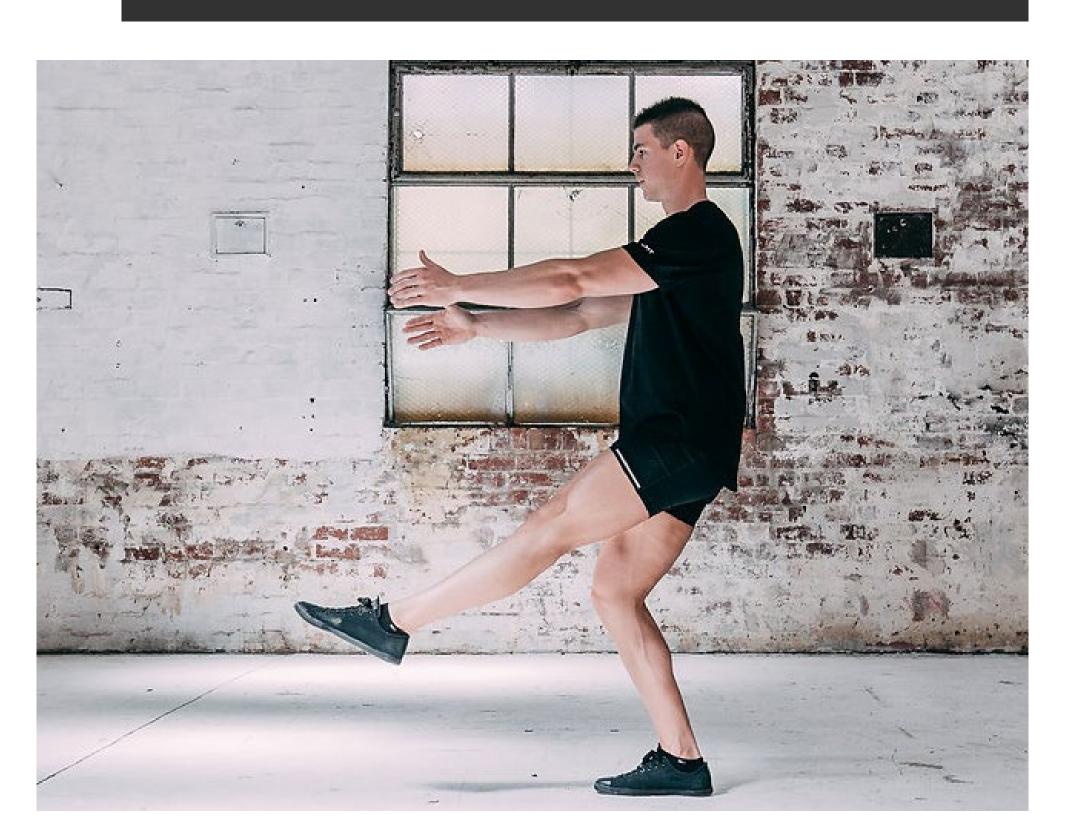
Receive the body weight in the bottom of a pushup. Use assistance to return to the top position.

Slower eccentric Control a greater ROM before dropping



Resistance band assistance Use a more hinged posture

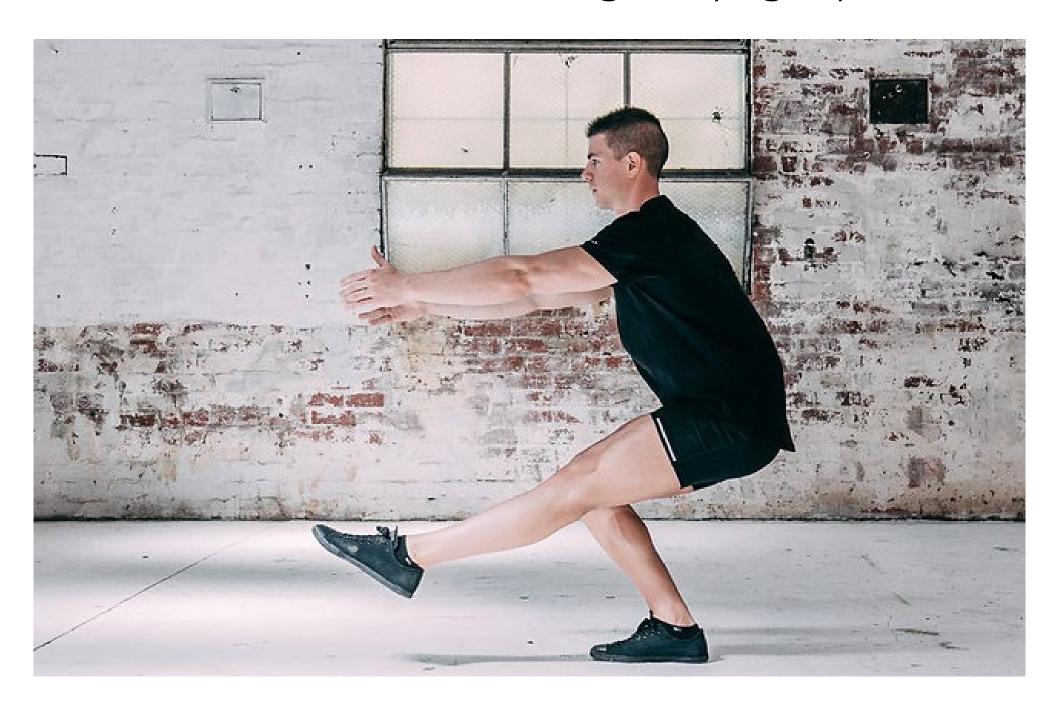
PISTOL SQUAT



The stance foot should remain flat on the ground at all times.

Extend the opposite leg and both arms in front of the body to assist with balance.

Brace the abdomen assuming an upright posture.







Lower down until the hip crease is below the knee.
Allow the knee to travel in front of the toes with
a central alignment over the foot.
Return to standing with a partial bend in the knee.



DIFFICULTY



Increase ROM
Slower tempo
Remain on tension
Add isometric holds

Hand assist

Use a box

Limit ROM

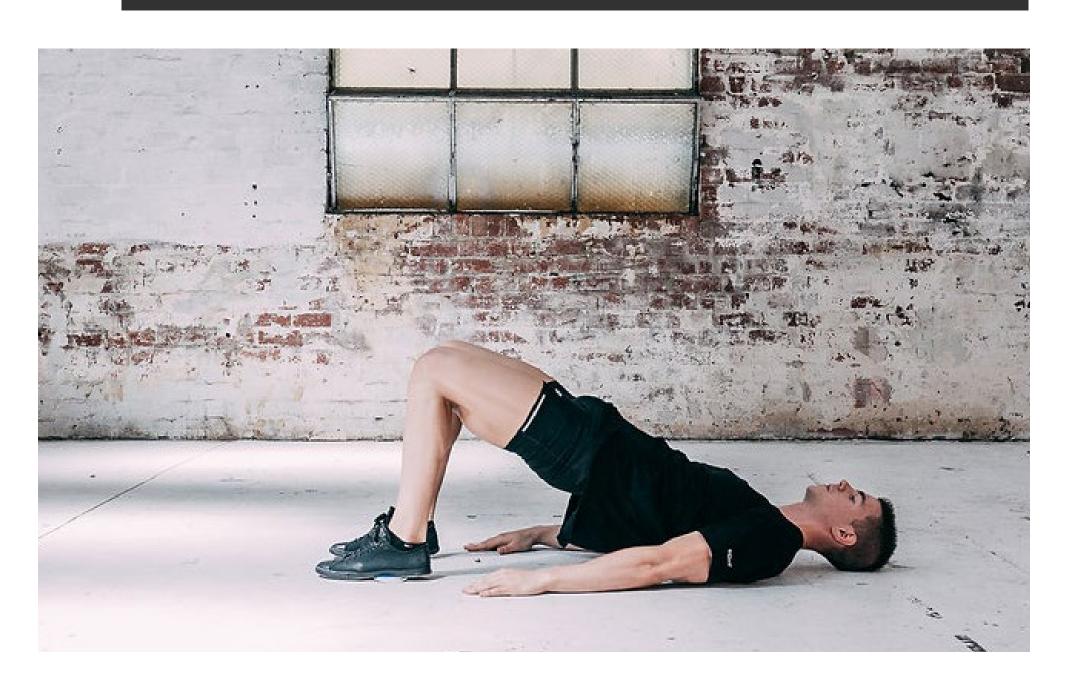
Elevate the heel

Add weight for counterbalance





HAMSTRING CURL



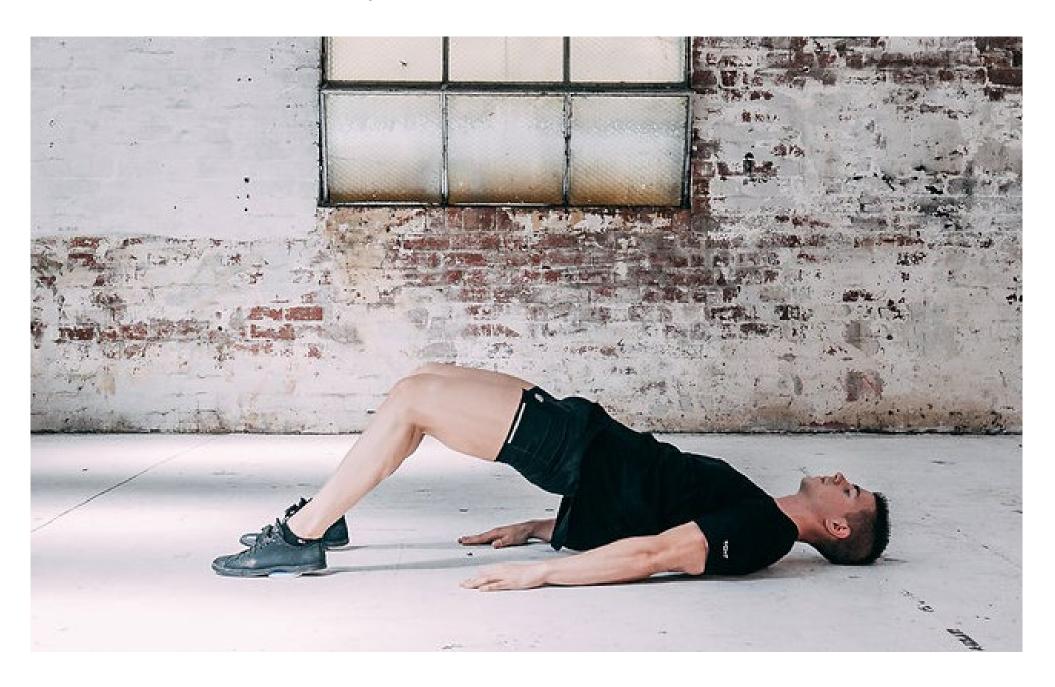
Use furniture sliders or towels underneath the feet.

Find a surface which has minimal friction

to perform the exercise.

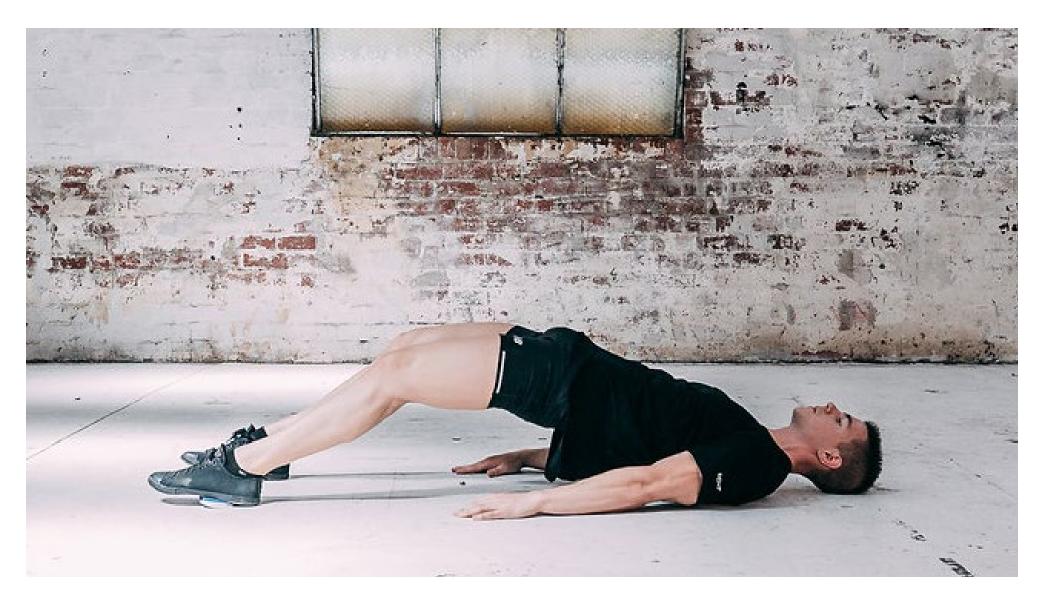
Begin the exercise from the top of a glute bridge,

hips in full extension.



Extend the legs away from the body whilst keeping the hips extended. Flex the knee returning to the starting position.







DIFFICULTY

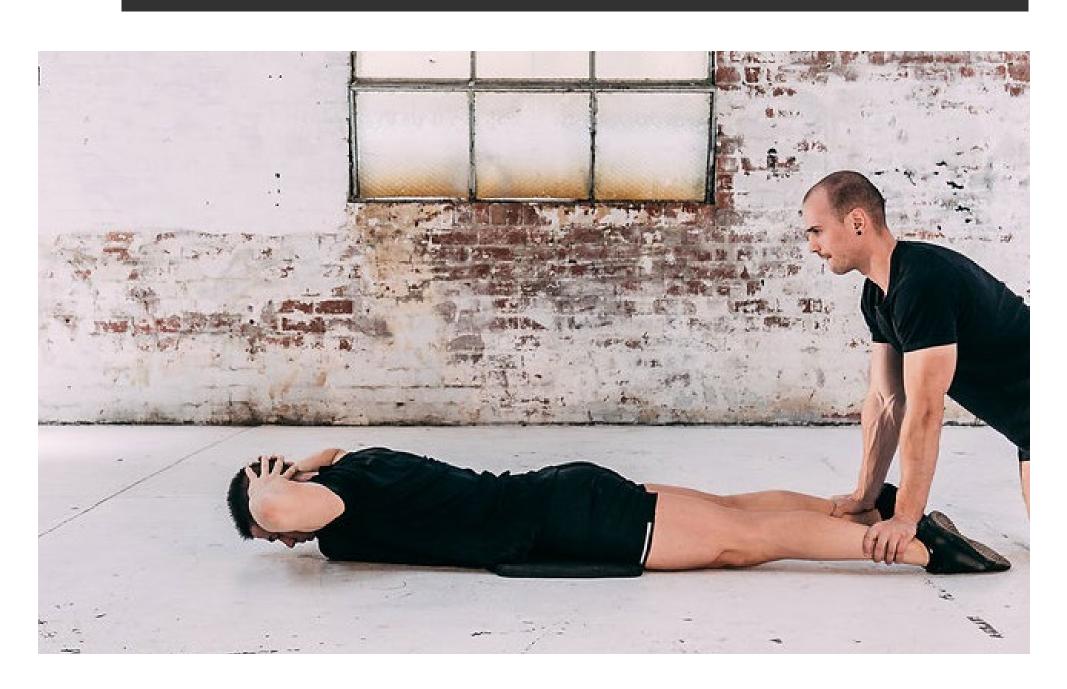


Increase ROM by reaching full knee extension Perform on a single leg Limit ROM Elevate feet on gym ball





BODYWEIGHT BACK EXTENSION



Lay on the stomach with feet flat against a wall or use a partner.



Extend from the upper back then mid back and finally lower back.

Focus on producing a global arch through the entire spine.

Drive the ankles in an upwards direction.





Return to the starting position by reversing the above motion, flexing the lower back first, followed by the mid and then upper back.



DIFFICULTY



Hands behind head Hands above head in Y position



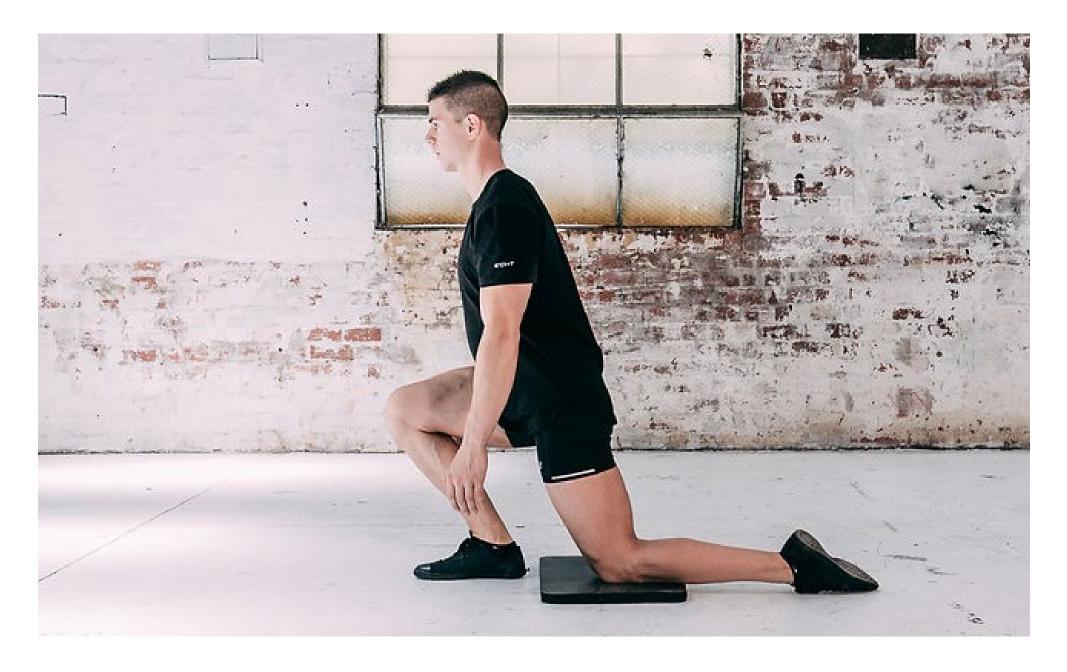


Arms by sides
Perform with
stomach supported
on elevated surface

SKATER SQUAT



Begin in a half kneeling lunge position.

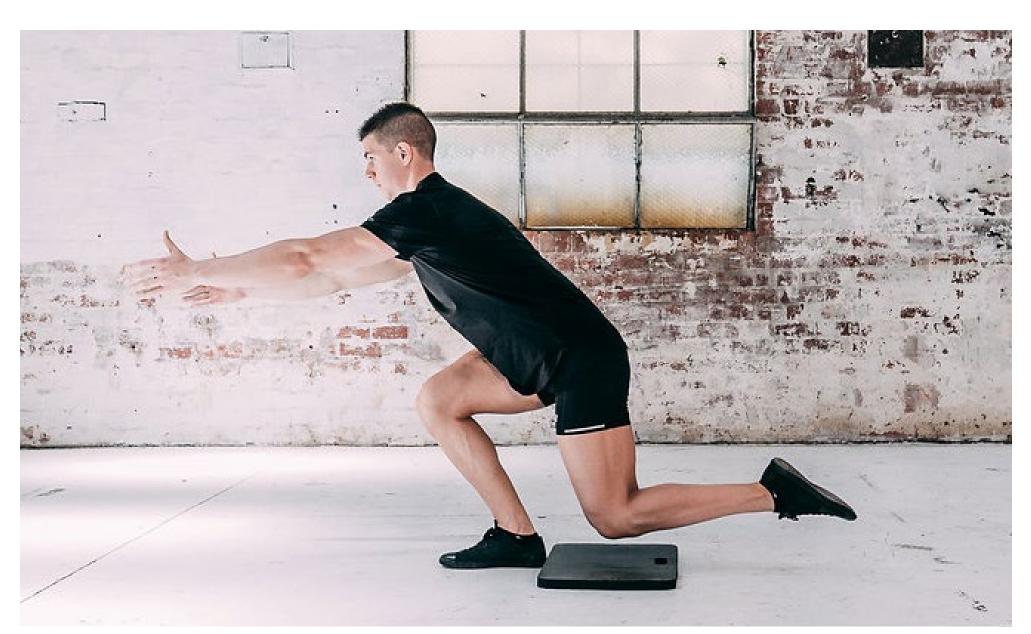


Lean forwards shifting weight onto the front leg.

Have the arms held in front of the body serving as a counterbalance.

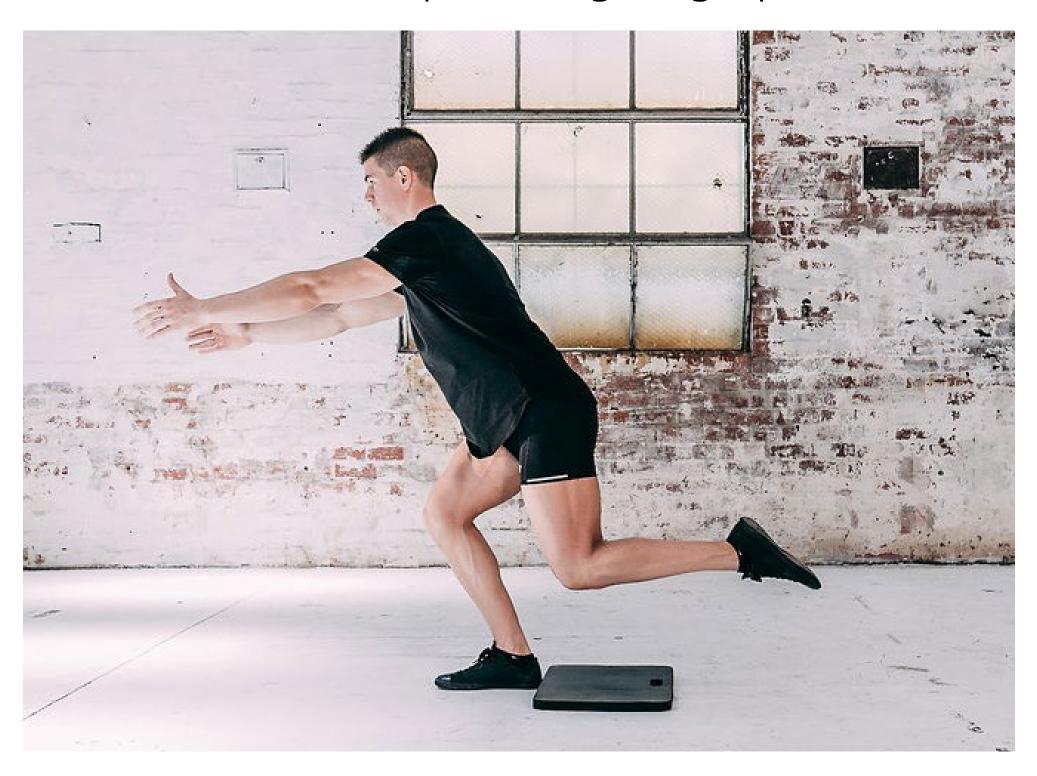
Maintain an upright posture with a slight arch in the lower back.





Without using momentum allow the rear knee to slowly lift off the ground.

Enter the top of a single leg squat.



Begin the descent with a slight knee bend on the stance leg.
Lower down by sitting the hips back. Allow the knee to silently make contact with the ground.





DIFFICULTY



Rear leg held in quad stretch Stance leg elevated on small box to increase ROM Decrease speed of transition

Elevate the rear knee
Increase speed of transition





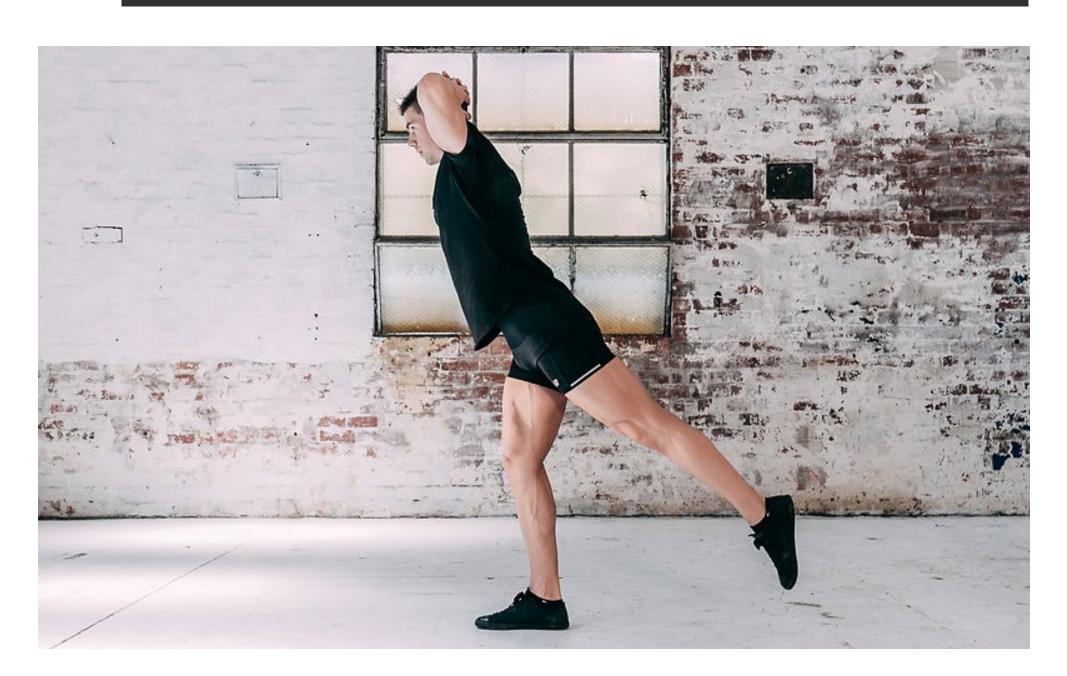








SINGLE LEG DEADLIFT



Stand on a single leg with a slight bend in the knee. Have the rear hip extended behind the body with the knee straight or bent to 90 degrees.



Perform a hip hinge by driving the hips backwards and the chest forwards.

Keep the knee position fixed on the stance leg.

Ensure the lower back remains

extended during the set.





Lower until the torso is parallel with the ground



DIFFICULTY

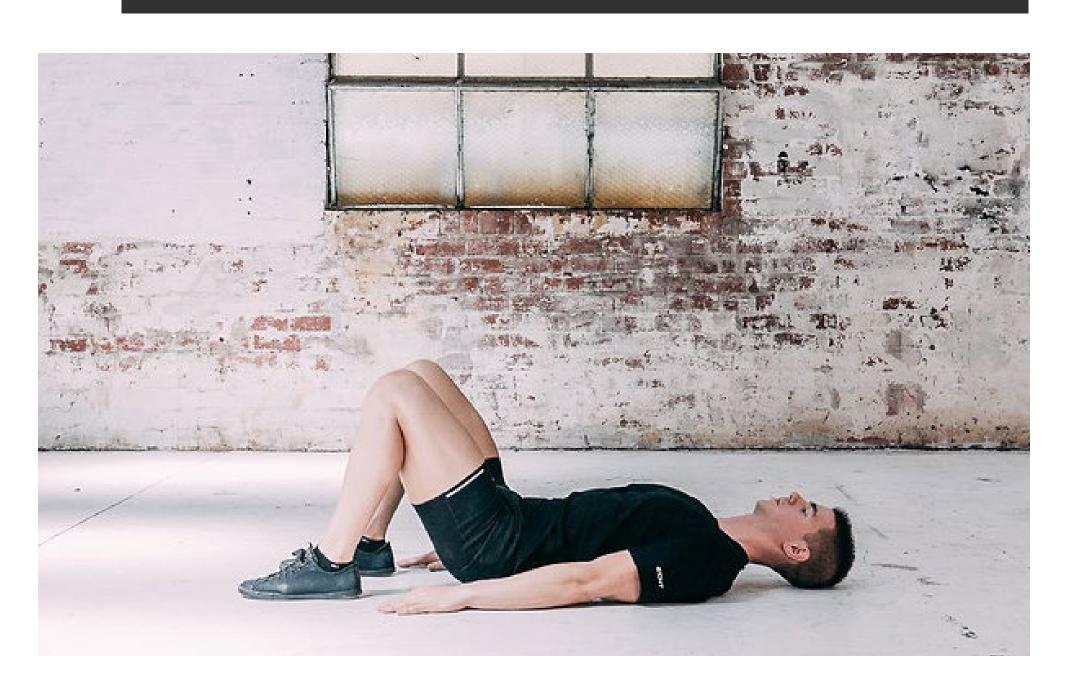


Hands behind head Hands above head in Y position Add weight Hand assist Both feet on ground

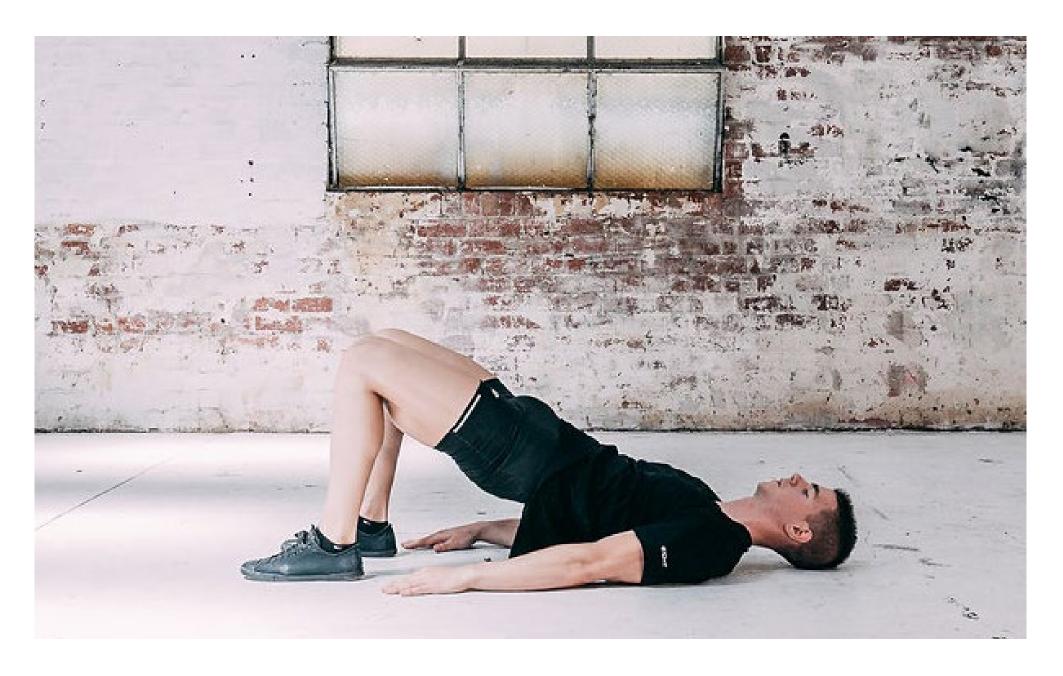




BILATERAL GLUTE BRIDGE



Lay on the back with both feet shoulder width apart and knees flexed. Remain in a posterior pelvic tilt by flattening the entire back on the ground.



Engage the core by tensing the abdomen.

Push through the heels allowing
the trunk to lift upwards.

Focus on extending at the hips
without arching the back.



DIFFICULTY

Alternate leg kick at top of each rep

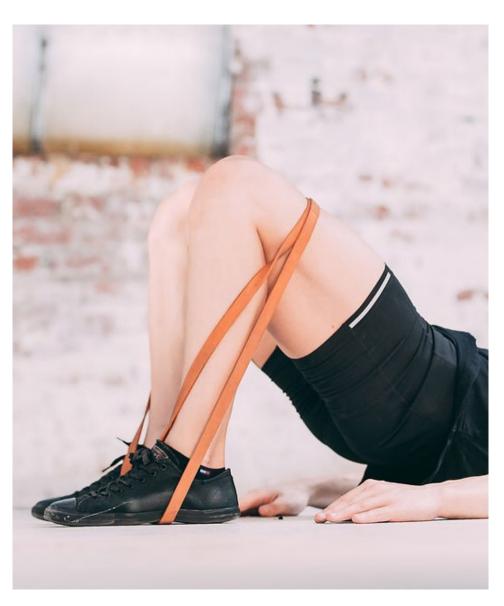
Resistance band over thigh













SINGLE LEG GLUTE BRIDGE



Lay on the back with one foot flat on the ground and knee flexed. Flex the opposite hip by compressing the knee to the chest.



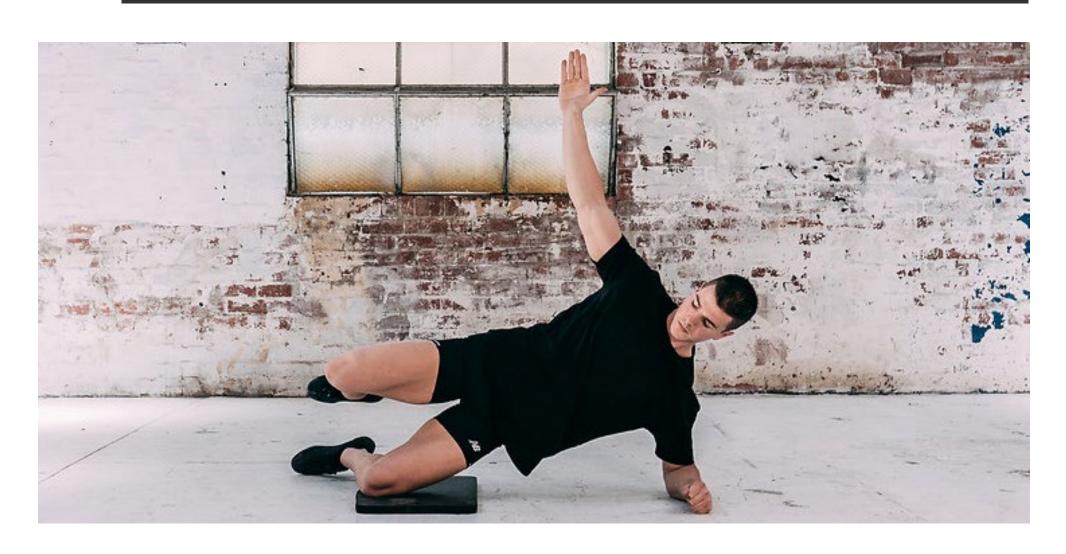
Engage the core by tensing the abdomen. Push through the heel extending the hip.



Resistance band over thigh



SIDE PLANK SHORT LEVER



Lay on the side with the hip, knee and shoulder in alignment. Have a soft pad underneath the knee for comfort. The forearm should align underneath the shoulder.



Bend the knees to 90 degrees. Push through the elbow and drive the knees into the ground allowing the spine to flex sideways.



Hover the top leg Small movements of the top leg up and down

SIDE PLANK LONG LEVER



Lay on the side with the hip, knee and shoulder in alignment.



Push the forearm and legs downwards allowing the spine to flex sideways.

T DIFFICULTY

Small movements of the top leg up and down



ADDUCTOR BRIDGE SHORT LEVER



Lay on the side with the hip, knee and shoulder in alignment. Elevate the top knee on a box with the leg bent.



Push the forearm and knee downwards allowing the spine to flex sideways.



Small movements of the bottom leg up and down

ADDUCTOR BRIDGE LONG LEVER



Lay on the side with the hip, knee and shoulder in alignment. Elevate the top knee on a box with the leg straight.



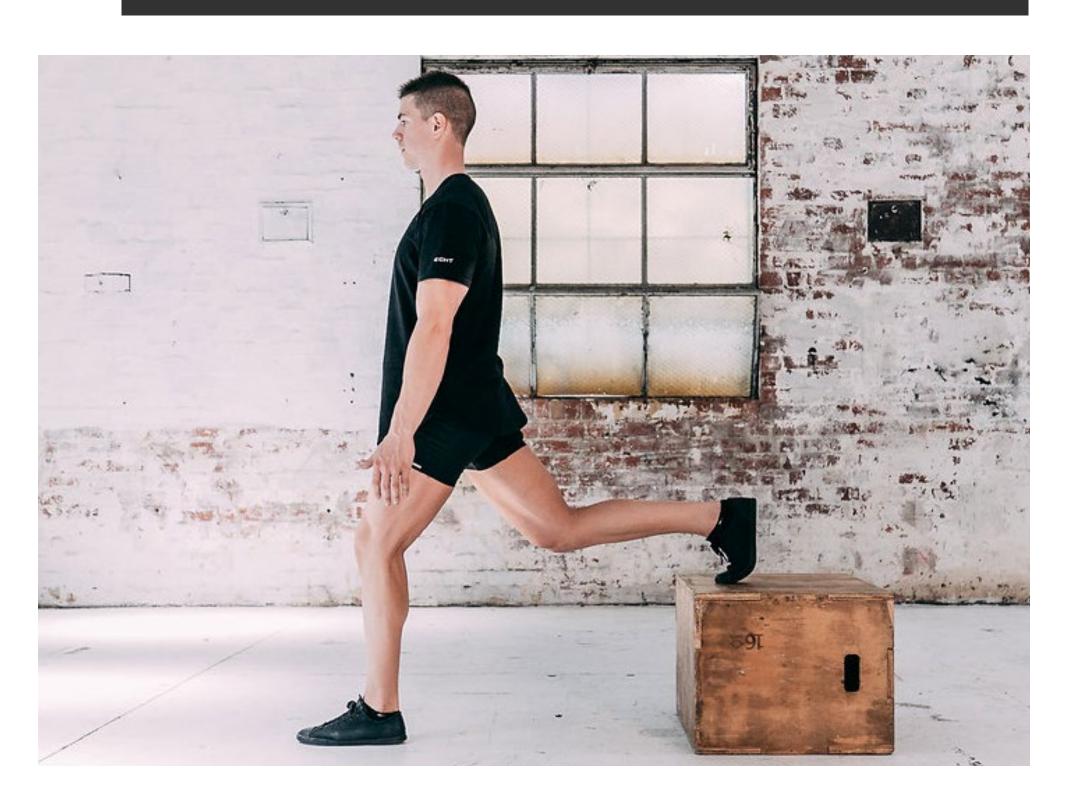
Push the forearm and leg downwards allowing the spine to flex sideways.



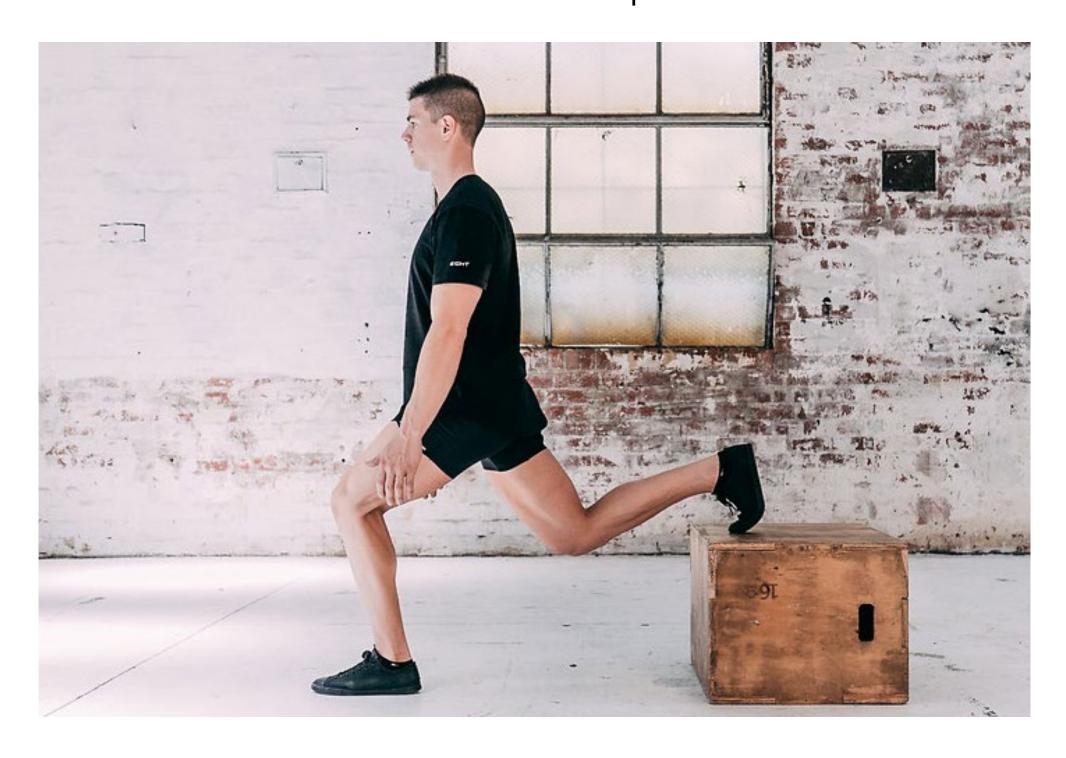
Small movements of the bottom leg up and down



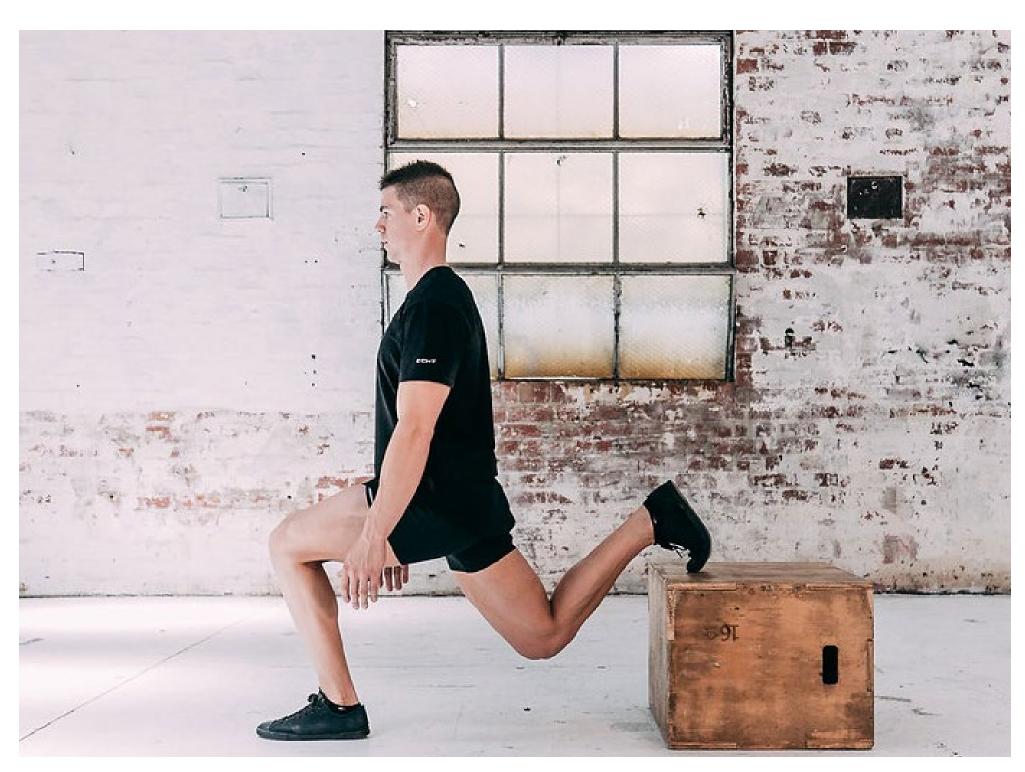
POSTERIOR CHAIN SPLIT SQUAT



Elevate the rear foot on a box which is mid shin height or lower. Box foot position should be either plantar flexed or resting on toes. Hop the front foot forwards until the shin is vertical over the foot. Feet should be shoulder width apart to aid in balance.







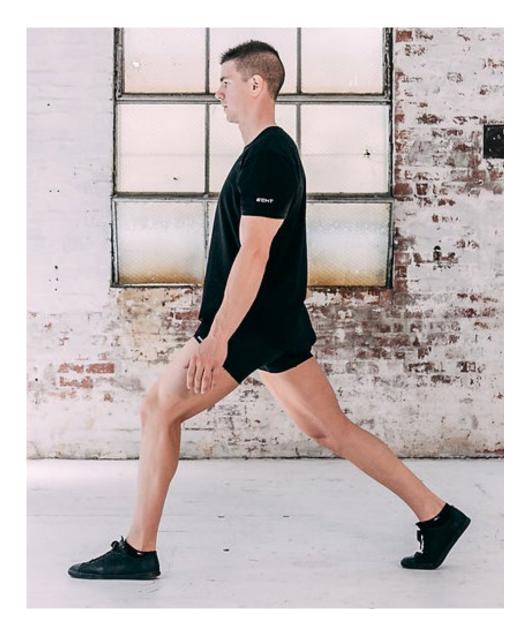
Lower towards the ground by shifting the hips backwards, keeping the front shin vertical.

Rise to a partial knee bend position.



DIFFICULTY

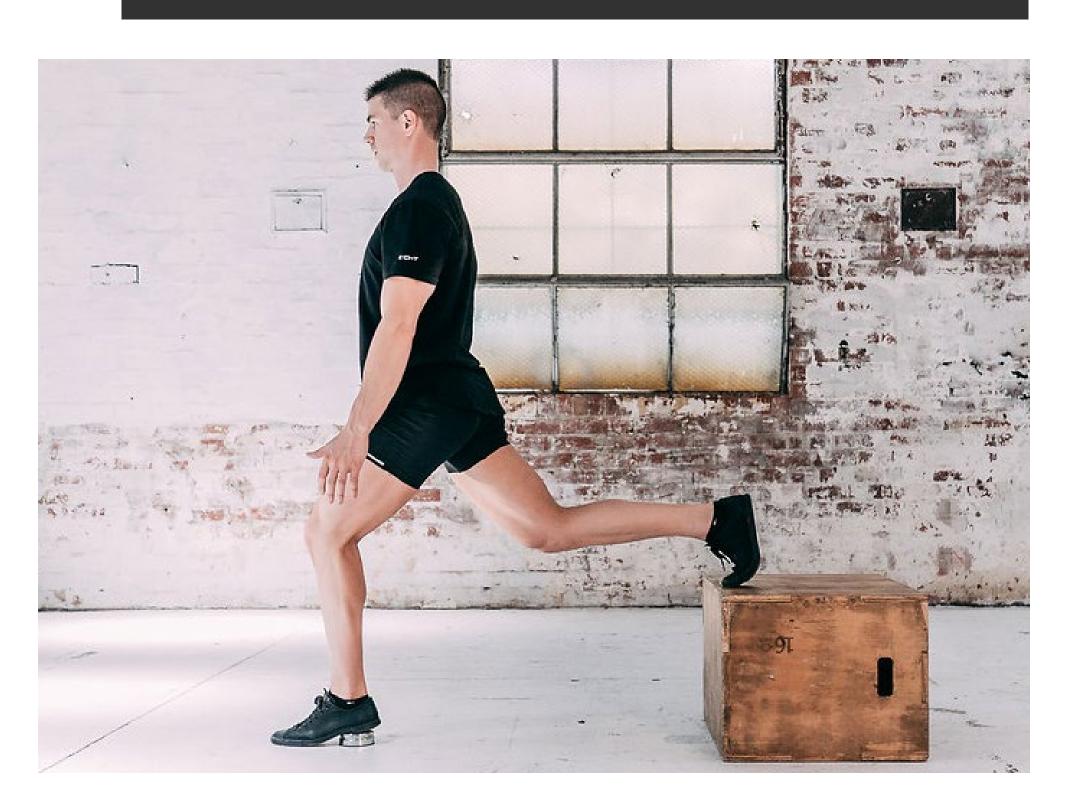
Rear foot on floor



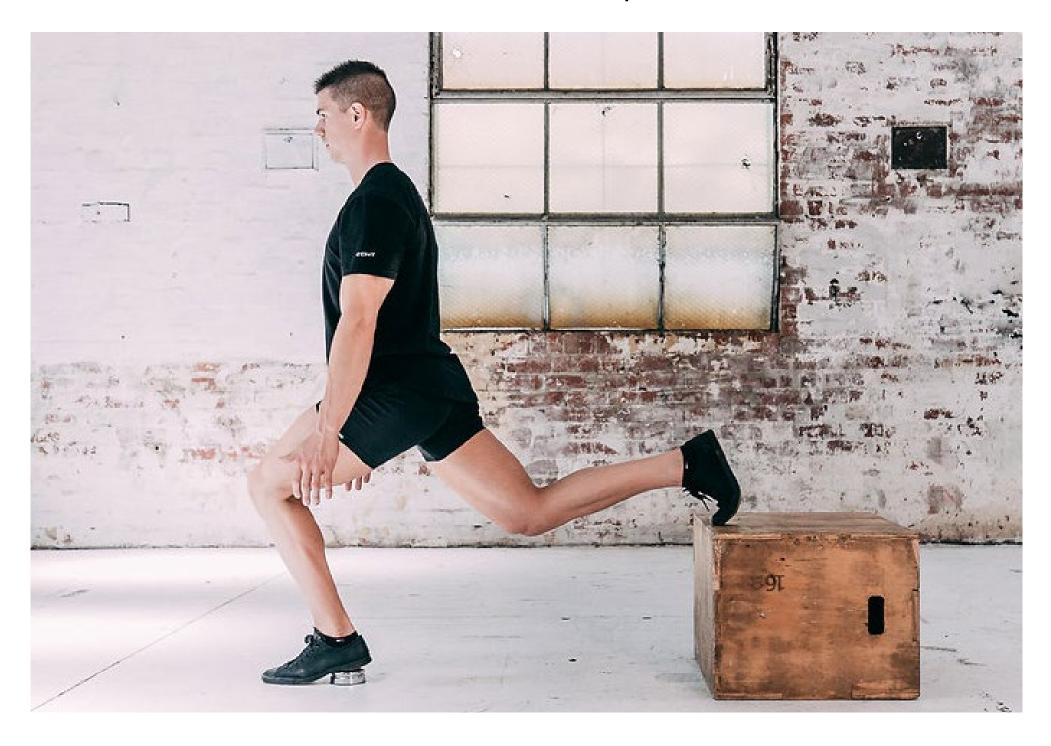




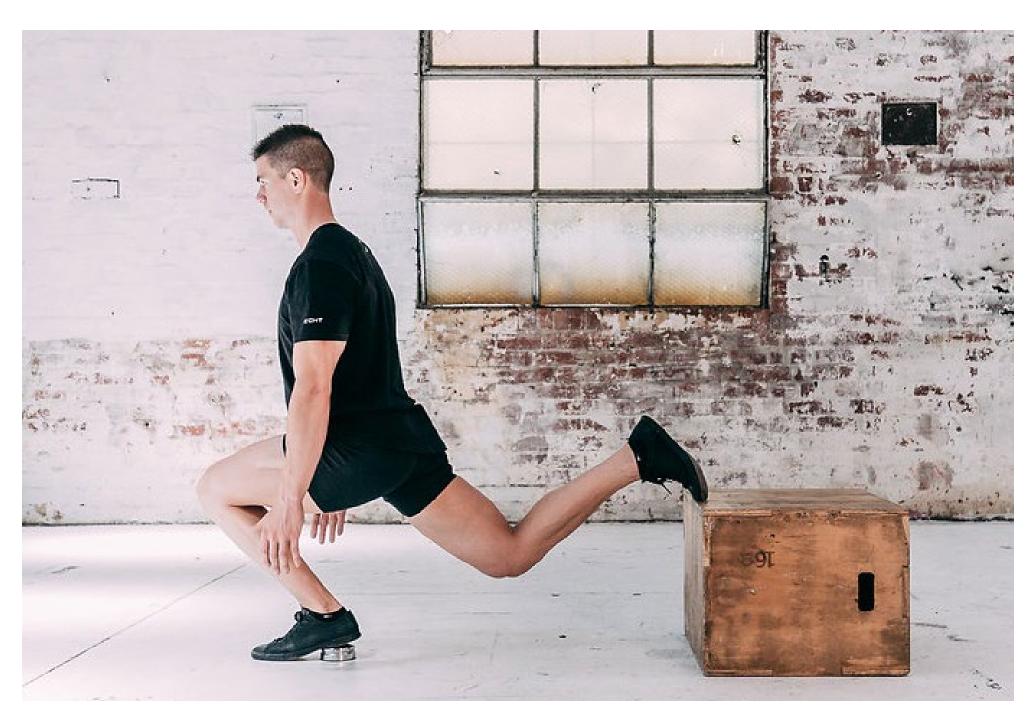
ANTERIOR CHAIN SPLIT SQUAT



Elevate the rear foot on a box which is mid shin height or lower. Box foot position should be either plantar flexed or resting on toes. Hop the front foot forward a moderate distance from the box. Feet should be shoulder width apart to aid in balance.





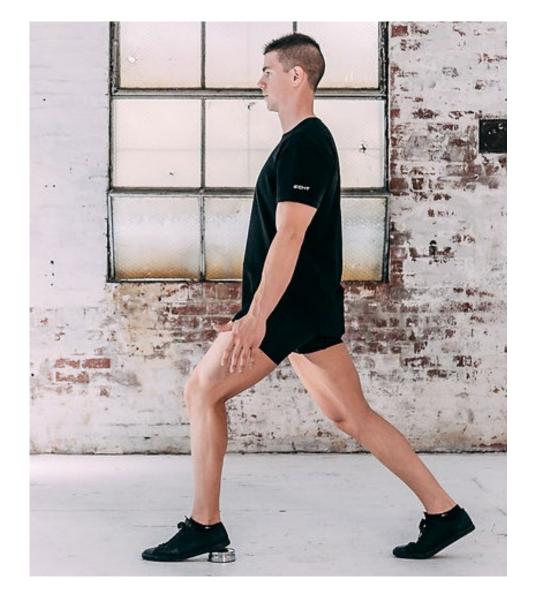


Lower towards the ground by leaning the trunk forwards, allowing the knee to travel over the toes whilst keeping the front foot flat. Elevate the heel of the front foot to increase the quadricep stimulation.

DIFFICULTY

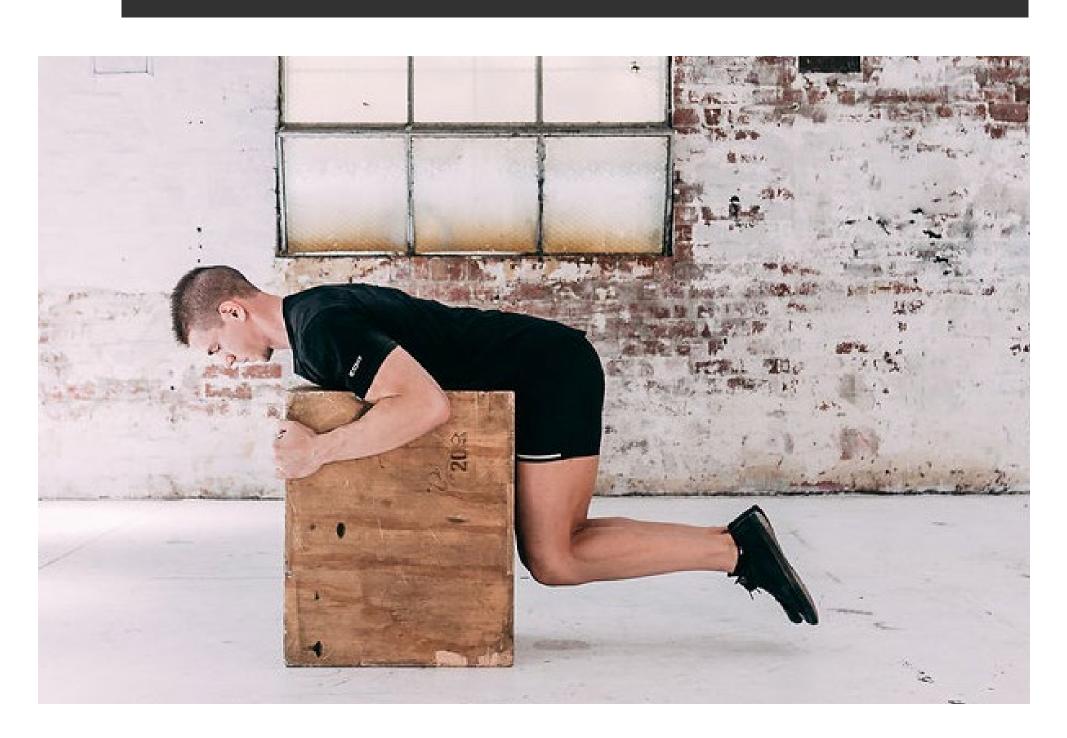


Rear leg on the floor





REVERSE HYPEREXTENSION



Support the stomach on a stable surface with the pelvis hanging over the edge. Sustain a posterior pelvic tilt avoiding the temptation to arch the lower back.



Extent the legs behind the body until the feet are parallel with the body.







Legs straight starting position Straddle legs Legs together

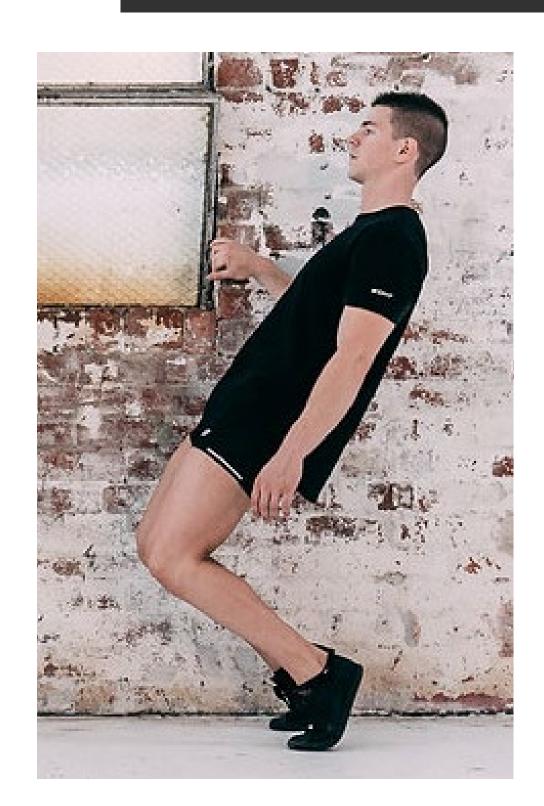




Knees flexed starting position

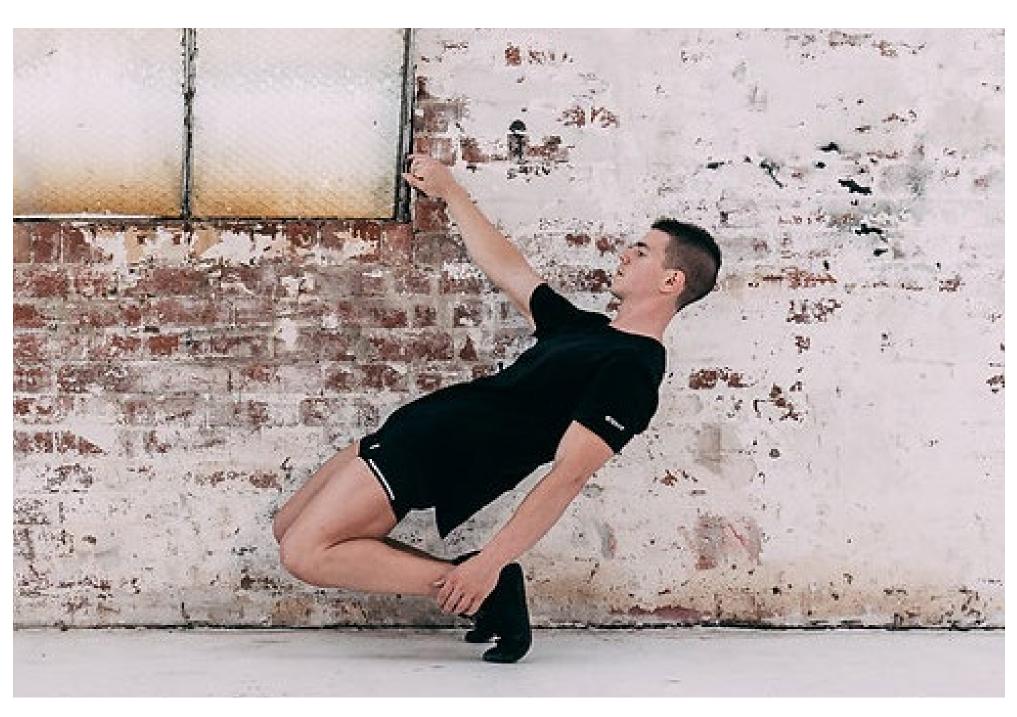
SISSY SQUAT



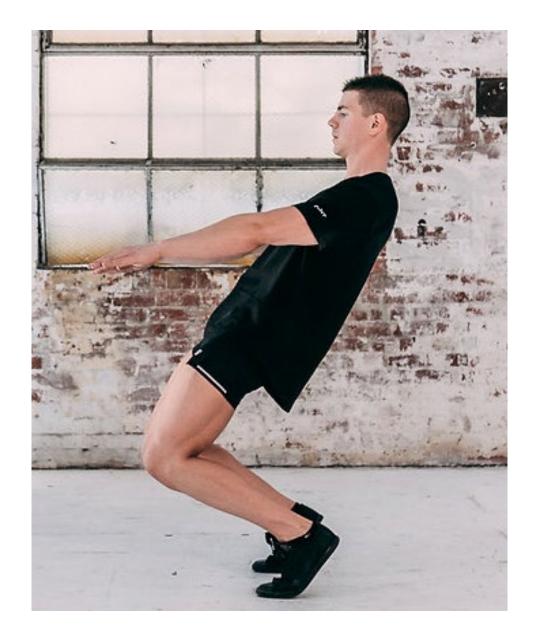




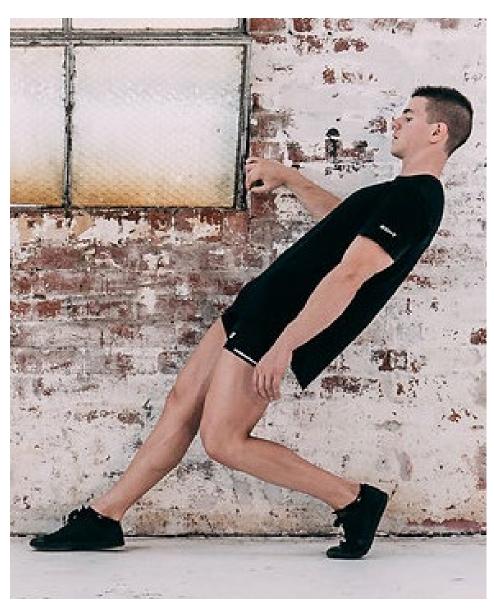
Start position is with the hips extended and a slight bend in the knees. Shift the knees forward keeping the weight on the forefoot. Lower towards the ground whilst keeping the hips extended and back upright.













Perform without balance aid Single leg assist version Increase ROM





Hand assist Limit ROM



KNEELING QUAD EXTENSION





Kneel on the ground with the knees supported. Extend the hips by squeezing the glutes. Lean backwards whilst maintaining the hips in extension during the whole exercise.



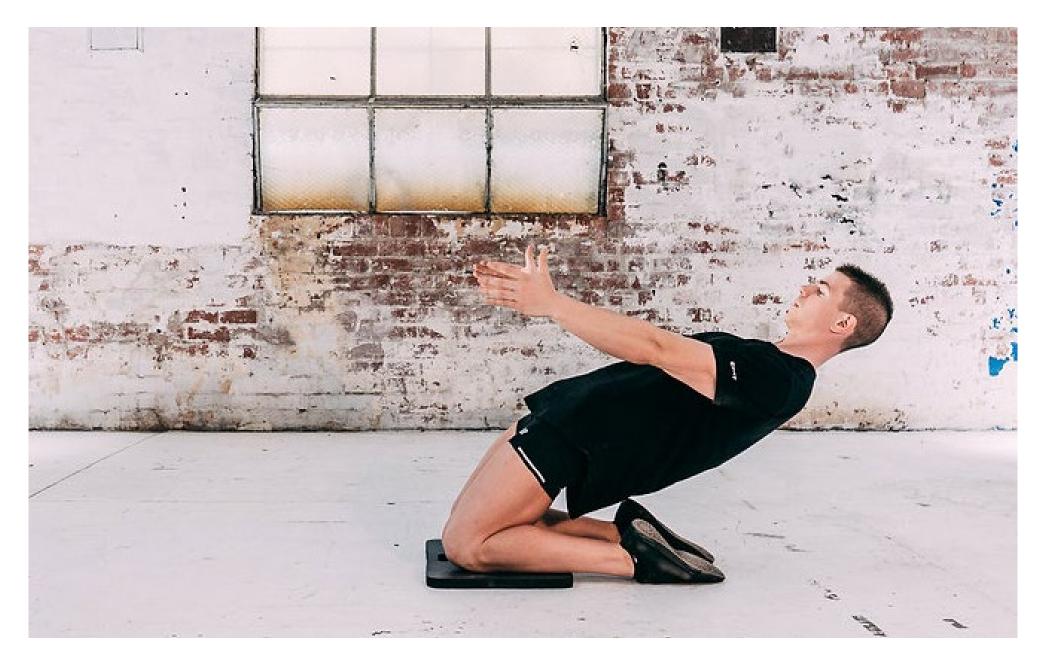
Limit ROM when about to flex at the hips or when beginning to arch the lower back.

Return to the start position.

Do not return to a completely vertical posture as this takes tension off the quadriceps. Maintain a partial backwards lean when returning to upright.







Perform without balance aid Increase ROM

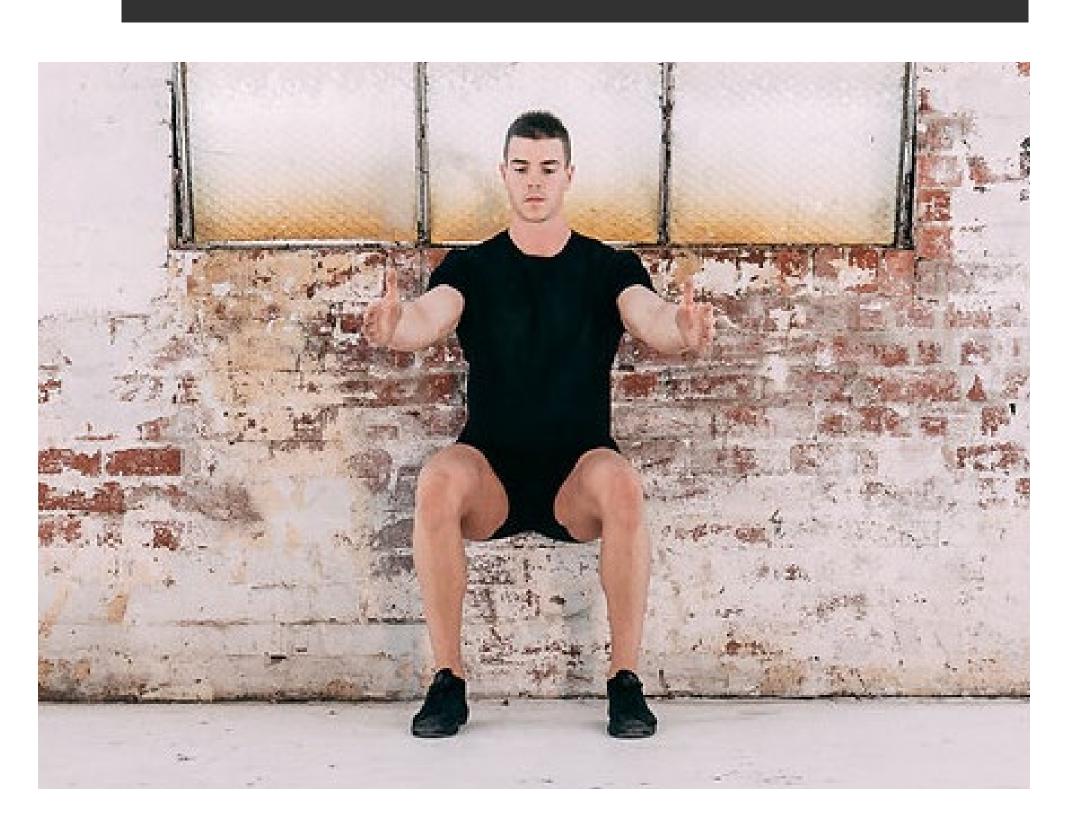




Hand assist Limit ROM

WALL SQUAT

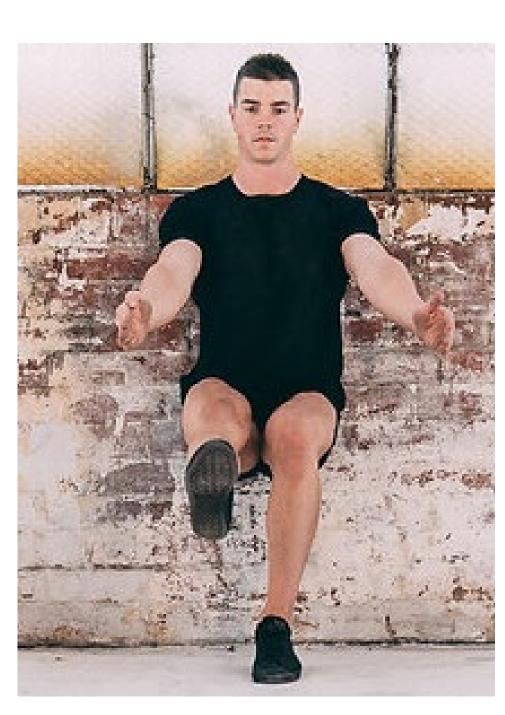




Stand with the back against a wall with the feet shoulder width apart. Squat down to 90 degrees and ensure knees are directly above the toes. Remain motionless by sustaining the isometric position. Keep the arms in the air to avoid cheating.



Alternate leg lift Single leg version



STRAIGHT LEG CALF RAISE





Lock the knees and hips into extension.

Maximally lift the heels away from the ground.

Pressure should be felt through

the inner aspect of the forefoot.

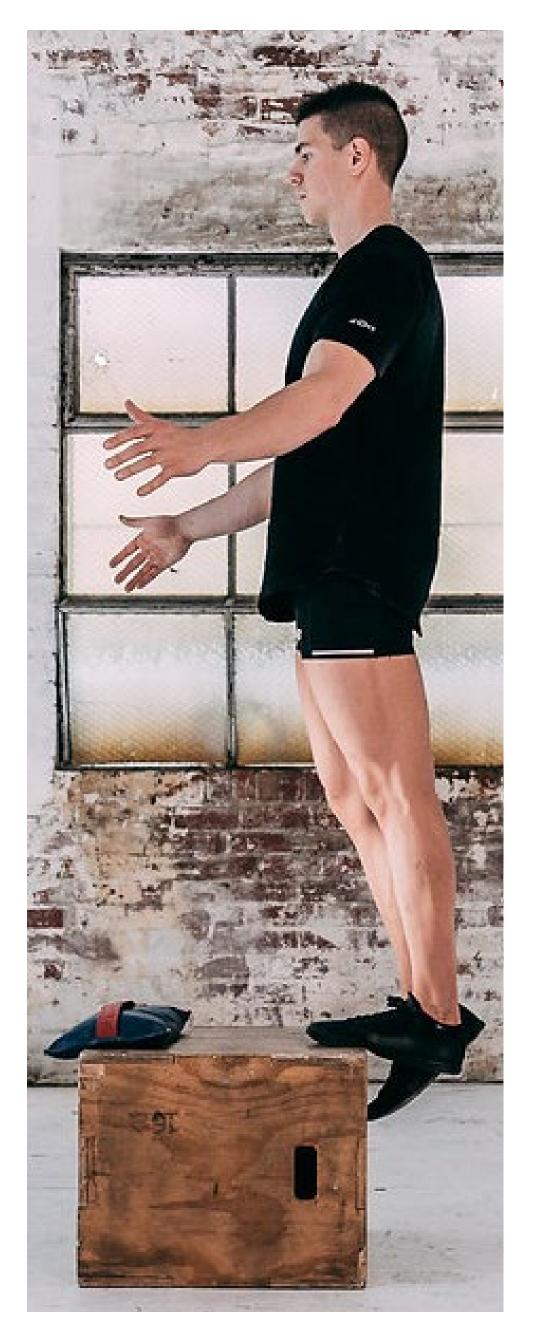
Pause at the top.

Slowly descend towards the ground.

Pause in the stretched position before the next rep.

Do not bounce.







† DIFFICULTY

Increase ROM by standing on elevated surface Single leg version



EXPLOSIVE STRAIGHT LEG CALF RAISE





Lock the knees and the hips into extension. Generate all the power from the calf by driving the toes into the ground. The primary focus is to plantar flex at the ankle only. Continuously perform reps without allowing the heel to make contact with the ground. Do not allow the knees or hips to bend.







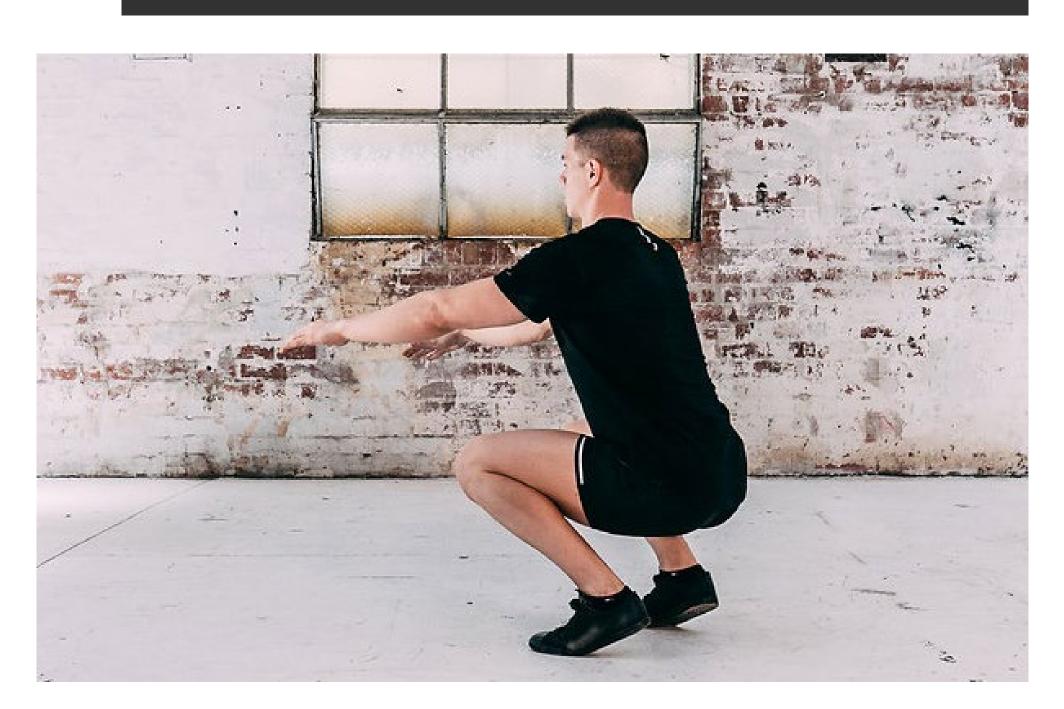




Single leg version



BENT LEG CALF RAISE



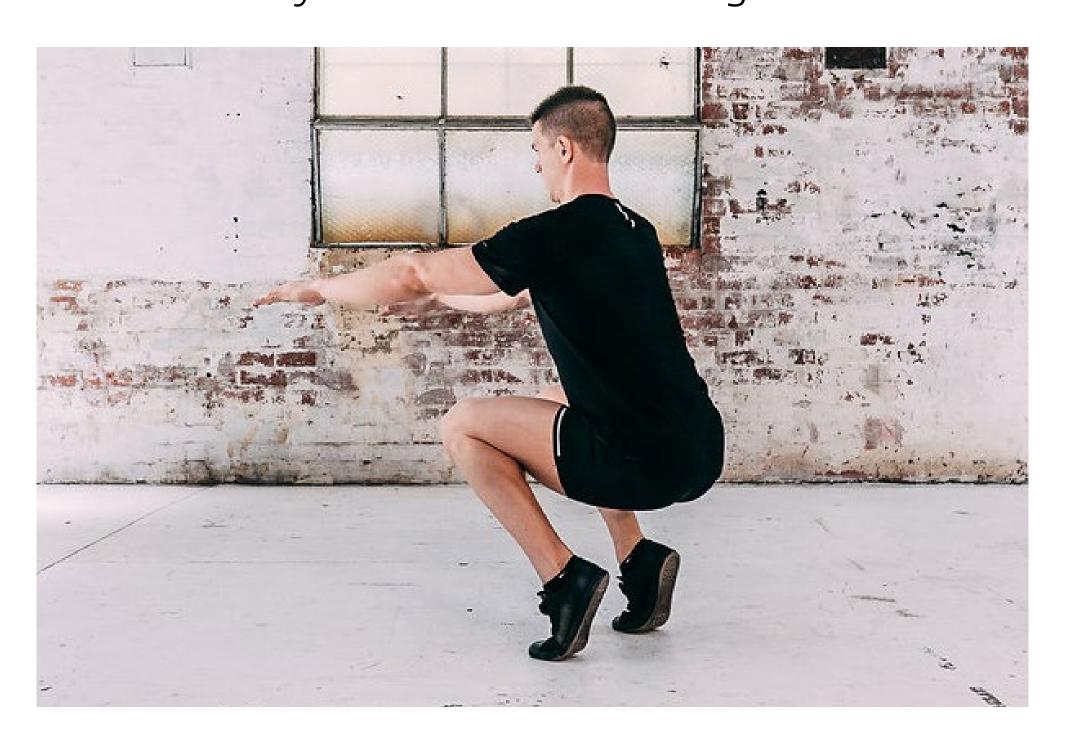
Lower into a deep squat allowing the heels to come off the ground.

Maximally lift the heels away from the ground.

Pressure should be felt through the inner aspect of the forefoot.

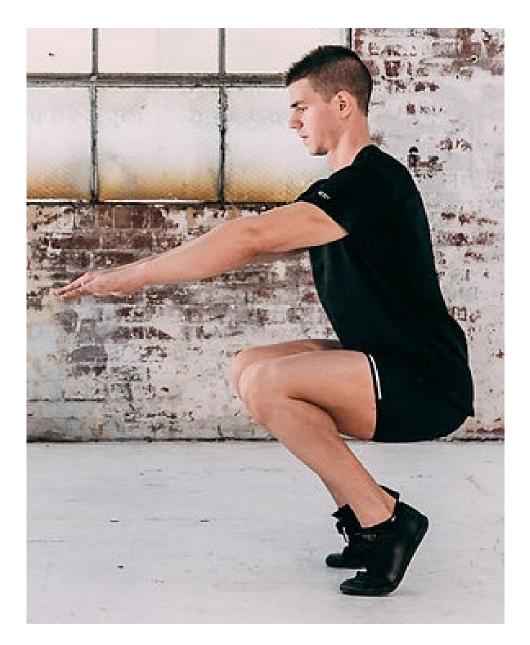
Pause momentarily at the top.

Slowly descend towards the ground.





WALKING CALF RAISE







Larger steps





Smaller steps

Lower into a squat.
Feet shoulder width apart.
Maximally contract the calves by elevating the heels.
Take steps forward whilst squeezing the calves.
Do not allow the heels to make
contact with the ground.





www.limitlesslegs.com



www.fitnessfaqs.tv

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